

Obj. No.	Topic	Objective	Assessment Criteria Will the strategy...	Assessment						Receptors and/or affected groups	Summary against overall objective	Potential cumulative effects	
				ST (0-4 years)	MT (5-9 years)	LT (10+ years)	Direct (D) or indirect (I) effects	Temporary (T) or Permanent (P)	Spatial context: Local (L), Greater London (GL), Wider Region (WR)				
1	Equality and Inclusion	To make London a fair and inclusive city where every person is able to participate, reducing inequality and disadvantage and addressing the diverse needs to the population	<p>Reduce poverty and social exclusion</p> <p>Promote a culture of equality, fairness and respect for people and the environment</p> <p>Promote an inclusive design approach ensuring a barrier free environment for all, especially disabled people</p> <p>Provide opportunities for Londoners to actively participate in the city's life, decision making and communities</p> <p>Provide opportunities for Londoners of every background to connect</p>	EqlA	+	+	+	I	T,P	L,GL	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: N</p> <p>Race: Y</p> <p>Religion: N</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: Y</p>	<p>The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with sufficient open space, amenities, and fully informed by evidence-based studies. This is likely to result in appropriate and context-specific developments, which encourage equality and social integration. This is likely to be of benefit to individuals with mobility impairments and disabilities, as well as BAME communities by taking into account their needs in the design of buildings and spaces.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>
2	Social integration	To ensure London has socially integrated communities which are strong, resilient and free of prejudice	<p>Reduce poverty and social exclusion</p> <p>Promote a culture of equality, fairness and respect for people and the environment</p> <p>Promote an inclusive design approach ensuring a barrier free environment for all, especially disabled people</p> <p>Provide opportunities for Londoners to actively participate in the city's life, decision making and communities</p> <p>Provide opportunities for Londoners of every background to connect</p>	EqlA	+	+	+	I	T,P	L,GL	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: N</p> <p>Race: Y</p> <p>Religion: N</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: Y</p>	<p>The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with sufficient open space, amenities, and fully informed by evidence-based studies. This is likely to result in appropriate and context-specific developments, which encourage equality and social integration. This is likely to be of benefit to individuals with mobility impairments and disabilities, as well as BAEM, LGBTQ and religious communities by taking into account their needs in the design of buildings and spaces.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>

3	Health and health inequalities	To improve the mental and physical health and wellbeing of Londoners and to reduce health inequalities across the City and between communities	Reduce differentials in life expectancy and healthy life expectancy across London Reduce inequalities in physical and mental health and wellbeing	EqIA		+	+	+	I	T,P	L,GL	Low-income households, older people, children, residents with a disability or long-term health condition	The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with sufficient open space, amenities, and fully informed by evidence-based studies. The policy supports the use of detailed data gathering to inform design, including socio-economic indicators, air quality and noise, and open space provision. Awareness and sensitivity to these characteristics is likely to help target appropriate mitigation to more deprived areas to help improve health and wellbeing conditions, and reduce overall inequalities. This is especially important to those with preexisting health conditions, individuals young and old who may be particularly sensitive to air quality or noise, and low income communities that may not engage in an active lifestyle.	Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.
4	Crime, safety and security	To contribute to safety and security and the perceptions of safety	Create a travel environment that feels safe to all users during the day time and night time	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5	Housing supply, quality, choice and affordability	To provide a quantum, type, quality and tenure of housing (including specialist and affordable provision) to better meet demographic change and household demand	Help to facilitate the delivery of house building that meets the needs to Londoners Increase the range and affordability of housing Promote accessible and adaptable homes, improving choice for people who require them Provide housing that encourages a sense of community and enhances the amenity value of the community	EqIA	?	?	?	I	T,P	L,GL	Low income: Y Disability: Y Age: Y Sex: N Race: Y Religion: N Sexual orientation: N Gender reassignment: N Marriage & civil partnership: N Pregnancy & maternity: Y	The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with sufficient open space, amenities, and fully informed by evidence-based studies. This includes using socio-economic data, and housing type and tenure data to help inform the housing requirements needed for the area. The overall success of this policy will depend on how this research and data is used to inform the delivery of housing in the area. Further reference could be made to inclusive access and design measures, along with details on affordable housing provision and design. It should be made clear that affordable housing options will undergo the same rigorous design process, and achieve the same high quality outcomes.	Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.	
6	Sustainable land use	Make the best and most efficient use of land so as to support sustainable patterns and forms of development	Ensure that high densities development does not adversely impact on different groups of people Promote regeneration and provide benefits for existing communities	EqIA	+	+	+	I	P	L	Low income: Y Disability: Y Age: Y Sex: N Race: Y Religion: N Sexual orientation: N Gender reassignment: N Marriage & civil partnership: N Pregnancy & maternity: Y	The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with sufficient open space, amenities, transport infrastructure and fully informed by evidence-based studies. These factors are likely to help mitigate adverse impacts associated with high density development. This is expected to be of particular benefit to those with mobility and sensory impairments, and those who are particularly susceptible to noise and air quality issues.	Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.	
7	Design	To create attractive, mixed use neighbourhoods, ensuring new buildings and spaces are appropriately designed that promote and enhance existing a sense of place and distinctiveness reducing the need to travel by motorised transport	Help to make people feel positive about the area they live in and promote social integration Improve legibility and ease of use of the build environment for people with sensory or cognitive impairments	EqIA	+	+	+	I/D	P	L,GL	Low income: Y Disability: Y Age: Y Sex: N Race: N Religion: N Sexual orientation: N Gender reassignment: N Marriage & civil partnership: N Pregnancy & maternity: Y	The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with sufficient open space, amenities, and fully informed by evidence-based studies. This will lead to better design practices to ensure accessibility and improve legibility to benefit those with mobility and sensory impairments.	Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.	

8	Accessibility	To maximise accessibility for all in and around London	<p>Improve accessibility to all public transport modes</p> <p>Increase equality of access to services and facilities</p> <p>Improve links between neighbourhoods and communities</p>	EqIA	O	+	+	I/D	P	L,GL	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: N</p> <p>Race: N</p> <p>Religion: N</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: Y</p>	<p>This policy supports high quality and appropriate design, informed by a review of evidence. This includes assessing movement and transport networks, public transport accessibility and active transport networks. Depending how this data is used to inform design outcome, it could help improve accessibility to key infrastructure and services. This is expected to benefit those with mobility impairments.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those polices that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>
9	Connectivity	To enhance and improve connectivity for all to, from, within and around London and increase the proportion of journeys made by sustainable and active transport modes	<p>Reduce severance and consequent inequalities for those groups who are more greatly affected by severance (e.g. people on low incomes, disabled people, children and young people, older people and people dependent on walking and using public transport for travel)?</p> <p>Reduce the overall need for people to travel by improving their access to the services, jobs, leisure and amenities in the place in which they live?</p>	EqIA	O	+	+	I/D	P	L/GL	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: Y</p> <p>Race: Y</p> <p>Religion: Y</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: Y</p>	<p>This policy supports high quality and appropriate design, informed by a review of evidence. This includes assessing movement and transport networks, public transport accessibility and active transport networks. Depending how this data is used to inform design outcome, it could help improve accessibility to key infrastructure and services, and reduce severance and isolation. This is expected to benefit those with mobility impairments and those who are more affected by severance, including those on low incomes, young and elderly people.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those polices that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>
10	Economic competitiveness and employment	To maintain and strengthen London's position as a leading, connected, knowledge based global city and to support a strong, diverse and resilient economic economy structure providing opportunities for all	<p>Help to provide employment opportunities in the most deprived areas, particularly to disadvantaged groups, and stimulate regeneration?</p> <p>Minimise barriers to employment (e.g. transport, financial, childcare)?</p> <p>Enable people with physical and mental health conditions and disabilities to stay in employment?</p> <p>Support working families</p>	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
11	Infrastructure	To ensure that provision of environmental, social and physical infrastructure is managed and delivered to meet population and demographic change in line with sustainable development and to support economic competitiveness	<p>Provide accessible infrastructure to connect new housing developments to key services?</p> <p>Ensure equity of access to environmental, social and physical infrastructure?</p>	EqIA	?	+	+	I/D	P	L,GL	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: N</p> <p>Race: N</p> <p>Religion: N</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: Y</p>	<p>This policy supports the provision of appropriate housing design, informed by data gathering of key socio-economic characteristics. This includes movement and transport networks, and public transport accessibility. Depending on how this data gathering is used to inform design, it could help to address deficits in accessibility, and support improved public and active transport. It is unclear how this would influence the short-term baseline; however, benefits would be expected in the medium to long term as accessible infrastructure is brought forward and implemented.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those polices that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>

12	Education and skills	To ensure the education and skills provision meets the needs to London's existing and future labour market and improves life chances for all	<p>Help to improve learning and the attainment of skills to the right employment opportunities?</p> <p>Ensure provision of sufficient school places to meet growing needs across London</p> <p>Support transitions from education to work</p> <p>Support adult education to improve social mobility and life chances for all ages</p> <p>Support early years education and support, particularly in areas of deprivation</p>	EqIA	?	?	?	I/D	P	L,GL	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: N</p> <p>Race: Y</p> <p>Religion: Y</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: N</p>	<p>This policy supports the provision of appropriate housing design, informed by data gathering of key socio-economic characteristics. Depending on how this data gathering is used to inform design, it could help to address deficits in infrastructure provision and accessibility.</p> <p>The evidence gathering does not however include the location or capacity of surrounding infrastructure. This could help identify key access routes, and links to social infrastructure, and whether the infrastructure can absorb additional growth.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those polices that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>
13	Culture	To safeguard and enhance the Capital's rich cultural offer, infrastructure, heritage, natural environment and talent to benefit all Londoners while delivering new activities that strengthen London's global position	<p>Improve accessibility for all to cultural venues</p> <p>Improve participation by all in cultural activities and support cultural activities that promote social integration</p> <p>Provide access to affordable cultural activities in areas of deprivation.</p>	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
14	Air Quality	To reduce emissions and concentrations of harmful atmospheric pollutants, particularly in areas of poorest air quality and reduce exposure	<p>Reduce inequalities in access to clean air across London, particularly for those: who live in deprived areas? who live, learn or work near busy roads or construction sites? who are more vulnerable because of their age or existing medical condition?</p>	EqIA	+	+	+	I	P	L	<p>Low income: Y</p> <p>Disability: Y</p> <p>Age: Y</p> <p>Sex: N</p> <p>Race: N</p> <p>Religion: N</p> <p>Sexual orientation: N</p> <p>Gender reassignment: N</p> <p>Marriage & civil partnership: N</p> <p>Pregnancy & maternity: Y</p>	<p>This policy supports using air quality data to inform plans and strategies. It would help to address areas of increased exposure, and help to shape appropriate mitigation measures in particular for acutely affected individuals and sensitive receptors. Poor air quality is more prevalent in deprived areas, and the opportunity for development to respond to poor air quality in this way would provide a benefit to these receptors in particular. THis wold include those vulnerable to poor air quality, for example pregnant women, the young, elderly and those with underlying health conditions.</p>	<p>Implementation of the Policy would complement those polices that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.</p>
15	Climate change adaptation and mitigation	To ensure London adapts and becomes more resilient to the impacts of climate change and extreme weather events such as flood, drought and heat risks	<p>Reduce impacts on groups more vulnerable to the effects of climate change (e.g. older people are more vulnerable to excess heat?)</p>	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

16	Climate change adaptation and mitigation	To help tackle climate change through reducing greenhouse gas emissions and moving towards a zero carbon London by 2050		EqIA									
17	Energy use and supply	To manage and reduce demand for energy, achieve greater energy efficiency, utilise new and existing energy sources effectively, and ensure a resilient smart and affordable energy system	Contribute to the provision of smart and affordable energy system for all?	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a						
18	Water resources and quality	To protect and enhance London's water bodies by ensuring that London has a sustainable water supply, drainage and sewerage system	Protect and enhance the character and use of London's rivers capes and waterways	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a						
19	Flood risk	To manage the risk of flooding from all sources and improve the resilience of people and property to flooding	Minimise the risk of flooding from all sources of flooding to people, property and infrastructure?	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a						
20	Natural capital and natural environment	To protect, connect and enhance London's natural capital (including important habitats, species and landscapes) and the services and benefits it provides	<p>Promote, educate and raise awareness of the enjoyment and benefits of the natural environment to all?</p> <p>Create green spaces that are safe and accessible to all</p> <p>Promote sensory environments and play spaces</p>	EqIA	+	+	+	I	P	L	Low income: Y Disability: Y Age: Y Sex: N Race: N Religion: N Sexual orientation: N Gender reassignment: N Marriage & civil partnership: N Pregnancy & maternity: N	The policy strongly supports the appropriate design of buildings, with accessible, welcoming and sufficient open space, fully informed by evidence-based studies. The data collection process specifically references open space, green, infrastructure and water bodies, and could help to address deficiencies in open space provision and access. Increasing access to open space would benefit those who don't currently have easy access to such areas, for example those with disabilities or those in areas of deprivation. This would also facilitate education and learning about the natural environment, which is particularly important for the young.	Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.

21	Historic environment	To conserve and enhance the existing historic environment, including sites, features, landscapes and areas of historical, architectural, archaeological and cultural value in relation to their significance and their settings.	Provide for increased understanding and interpretation of the historic environment Provide for increased access to and enjoyment of the historic environment Engage communities in identifying culturally important features and areas	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a						
22	Geology and soils	To conserve London's geodiversity and protect soils from development and over intensive use		EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a						
23	Materials and waste	To keep materials at their highest value and use for as long as possible. To significantly reduce waste generated and achieve high reuse and recycling rates	Minimise negative impacts of waste processing and disposal on vulnerable groups.	EqIA	n/a	n/a	n/a						
24	Noise and vibration	To minimise noise and vibration levels and disruption to people and communities across London and reduce inequalities in exposure	Minimise and reduce road, rail and aviation noise and vibration levels and disruption	EqIA	?	?	+	I	P	L	Low income: Y Disability: Y Age: Y Sex: N Race: N Religion: N Sexual orientation: N Gender reassignment: N Marriage & civil partnership: N Pregnancy & maternity: Y	The policy supports the role of design and layout of buildings in reducing noise from common areas to residents. The data collection process also includes collating information on noise, which could be used to inform appropriate design and mitigation measures. It is unclear how the use of this data would result in short- or medium-term impacts, but the policy is expected to produce a long term benefit, especially to those who experience high levels of noise, for example in areas of deprivation, and those who are particularly sensitive to this such as pregnant women and young children and those with sensory impairments.	Implementation of the Policy would complement those policies that support good health, the protection of open spaces, the provision of recreational spaces, air quality management and noise management.