School Food Matters comments

Page:	Doliou		uning	au olity	1 and	standards
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Section: D4

Communal open space: In major development residents should have access to communal gardens where it will be possible to experience the seasons, enjoy plants and have the opportunity to engage in food growing themselves.

Chapter 5 Social Infrastructure Page:

Section:

N/A

Food should be more fully considered within planning social infrastructure.

Page: Policy E8 Sector growth opportunities and clusters

Section: <u>E8</u>

London's food and restaurant sector should be included as one of Mayor's sectors to promote enterprise, particularly those that promote healthy food and are led by local organisations.

Page:	Policy E9 Retail, markets and hot food takeaways
Section:	<u>E9</u>

We're encouraged by the ban on new fast food takeaway outlets within 400m of schools. We would like to see this extended to include a ban on outdoor advertising of unhealthy food and sugary drinks (legal High Fat Sugar and Salt (HFSS) definition used by Ofcom), especially on public transport routes used by school children; or a levy on such advertising hypothecated to pay for children's health promotion.

 Page:
 Chapter 8 Green Infrastructure and Natural Environment

 Section:
 N/A

This policy does not go far enough to support and encourage food growing and farming within metropolitan land and the Green Belt, despite the evidence of its multiple benefits.

Page:	Policy G8 Food growing
Section:	<u>G8</u>

This should go much further to protect and enhance food growing for its multiple benefits. Please add:

"London's resources of land and soil for agriculture, horticulture, orchards and private and community gardens should be protected, planned for, designed and managed as integrated features of a healthy city and green infrastructure. In major developments, the Mayor will require space for the cultivation of food in order to create a greener and more resilient city."