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Civil and Environmental Engineering Consultants

Technical Note Foul Drainage & Pumping Station

London Sustainable Industries Park Choats Road Dagenham RM9 6RJ

> March 2015 Version 1

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For and on behalf of Bingham Hall Associates						

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 At the request of Turner & Townsend, the project manager for the above scheme, and following changes to the design flows, this Technical Note will outline:
 - i) The current design proposal, associated risks and mitigation measures
 - ii) Alternative approach retention of Halyard Street pumping station & provision of separate London Sustainable Industries Park (LSIP) North drainage system including pump station.

2 Current Design

Design Basis

- The current design is based upon the existing pumping station in Halyard Street becoming 2.1 redundant, and all flows into this pump station, along with all flows from LSIP North, being diverted to a new pumping station situated on Plot 4 of LSIP North. This design hinges upon the existing foul sewers on LSIP North being adopted along with the pumping station and rising main. Other than the obvious benefit of removing the responsibility and associated costs of operation and maintenance of the pumping station and sewers from Greater London Authority (GLA), the adoption of the sewers is also critical since the emergency storage volume that must be provided within the pumping station and associated sewer network must be entirely within adopted sewer assets and below the lowest private sewer or lateral. Owing to the depth of the existing network which must be connected, the invert level of the pipe into the pumping station will be approximately 5.5m below ground level, and if this network were not intended to be adopted, then the storage top water level in the pumping station would have to be below the incoming pipe. This would increase the total depth of the pumping station by around 2.5m. The current design top water level is -1.96m AOD (approx. 3.2m below ground), which is just below the level of the lowest incoming private lateral. This happens to be on plot 5, where PDM will be connecting their foul drainage.
- 2.2 Current design flows are detailed in 'Foul Drainage Schedule' Version 8, Tables 1 & 2. This differs from Version 7 only in that flows are now defined as 'Design Flow', and '1/3 Design Flow' rather than in terms of 'Dry Weather Flow' (DWF) in order to accord more closely with Sewers For Adoption.
 - 2.3 Sketches outlining the current design are attached.

Risk

2.4 Under the current design, the problems that are being experienced due to Closed Loop Recycling's (CLR) discharge of plastic material, and the uncertainty regarding their flow rates, would remain until resolved by Thames Water Utilities Ltd (TWUL), who have so far apparently made no effort to resolve the current situation. There is therefore a risk that blocked pumps and pipework would also occur in the new pumping station.

- 2.5 TWUL have issued a letter of 'approval in principle' regarding our initial application for Section 104 adoption of the pumping station and sewers on LSIP North. We have had their technical comments relating to the pump station, which are relatively minor and will be addressed in the next revision of the design drawings. Due to the recent increase in design flows, the design has changed somewhat from the original application with regard to the size of the pump station shaft but we do not consider these changes likely to alter TWUL's view.
- 2.6 While we have not reviewed in detail the construction detail drawings for the LSIP North sewers produced by TR Collier & Associates (2012), we do not feel that these are explicitly compliant with Sewers For Adoption (SFA) 6th Edition. Furthermore, having briefly reviewed the flows in the existing LSIP North sewers, we feel that based on current design flows the minimum self-cleansing velocities called for in SFA 6th Edition are not achieved in most of the existing pipe runs on LSIP North. In their letter of 'approval in principle' TWUL state that "*All plans should include the following statement: 'All adoptable drainage works to be constructed as detailed in Sewers for Adoption, 6th edition' or as stipulated in Thames Water's Addendum."* The adoption of these sewers will be dependent upon a satisfactory survey and inspection by TWUL, so regardless of the letter of 'approval in principle' they could refuse to adopt if it is found that the sewers are non-compliant to SFA 6th Edition. TWUL were sent design flows some time ago and have not commented with regards to flow-velocities, nor have they asked for design calculations or modelling, so most likely this aspect of non-compliance has been missed and will not jeopardise the adoption process, however the risk remains.
- 2.7 Were TWUL to refuse to adopt the sewers on LSIP North, it is also possible that they could refuse to adopt the pump station and rising main, since it would not be possible to provide the necessary emergency storage below the level of the incoming private sewers. It would be possible (although not desirable) for GLA to continue to own and operate the sewers and pump station, but this would be contingent upon London Borough of Barking & Dagenham (LBBD) accepting the rising main in their highway under a Section 50 agreement.

Risk Mitigation

2.8 In order to provide absolute certainty that the potential non-adoption of the LSIP North sewers would not affect the adoption of the pump station and rising main, it would be necessary to amend the design such that the storage top water level were below the level of the incoming sewer, which in this scenario would be private. This would result in the pump station shaft being approximately 3m deeper.

Choats Road, Dagenham Technical Note – Foul Drainage & Pumping Station

2.9 Sketches outlining this option are attached.

3 Alternative Approach

Alternative Approach – Halyard Street Pumping Station Retained

- 3.1 Under The Water Industry (Schemes for Adoption of Private Sewers) Regulations 2011, all privately owned sewers and lateral drains which communicate with an existing public sewer as at 1 July 2011 were adopted on 1 October 2011. Any associated pumping stations were excluded at that time but will have been adopted by 1 October 2016, as will their rising mains. This means that the existing pumping station on Halyard Street, having been constructed prior to July 2011, could be retained in GLA ownership until October 2016 at the latest, when ownership will automatically pass to TWUL, with provision for LSIP North flows made separately by way of an adoptable scheme on Plot 4 of LSIP which would take flows from LSIP North only.
- 3.2 The benefits of this approach would be that the proposed pumping station shaft could be of a smaller diameter and shallower than the equivalent current design, as it would be required to provide a far smaller storage volume, and the current issues around CLR's uncontrolled discharge and discharge of plastic waste would become TWUL's responsibility. Arguably this is the case at the moment, as TWUL have adopted the sewers into which CLR discharge, and also should be enforcing their Trade Effluent Consent (TEC), however were the pump station also to come under their ownership there would be no room for doubt as to who must take action, and the costs of operating and maintaining this pump station, along with any potential litigation by tenants due to poorly functioning sewerage, would pass from GLA to TWUL.
- 3.3 Under the current scheme, the Halyard Street pump station could not be de-commissioned until the pump station on LSIP North were fully operational, which is likely to be late 2015 at the earliest, so the alternative approach would only entail a few additional months of operation by GLA.
- 3.4 It is our understanding that all of the plots on LSIP North other than Plot 6 will be let on long leases but retained in the ownership of GLA, while Plot 6 is in private ownership. Having removed the flows from LSIP South it would now be the case that all of the properties connecting to the pumping station would be within the same curtilage, since there is no drainage connection to Plot 6. In order to overcome this, it would be necessary to provide a foul drainage connection to Plot 6.
- 3.5 Sketches outlining the alternative design are attached.

Risk

3.6 Owing to the inadequacies of the existing Halyard Street pump station and the ongoing issues with CLR, the operation and maintenance of this pump station will incur ongoing costs upon GLA until or unless CLR can be forced to abide by their TEC. Notwithstanding this, the risks associated with the LSIP North pump station component of this option are essentially the same as set out for the current design – i.e. the risk of non-adoption of LSIP North sewers. Also, a connection would need to be provided to Plot 6 – the risk being that the owner of Plot 6 may not want or permit this.

Risk Mitigation

- 3.7 As with the current design, the mitigating measures associated with the risk of non-adoption of the LSIP North sewers would be the deepening of the pump station shaft by approximately 2.5m to provide all storage below the incoming sewer.
- 3.8 Sketches outlining this option are attached.

4 Summary

The design options and associated risks are summarised below:

Current Design

- All flows from LSIP North and from Halyard Street pump station diverted to new pump station on Plot 4 of LSIP North. Storage volume partly within LSIP North sewers. Sewers and pump station adopted by TWUL under Section 104.
- Halyard Street pump station de-commissioned.
- RISK issues of non-compliance by CLR not addressed, therefore could affect new pump station.
- RISK TWUL may refuse to adopt existing LSIP North sewers if they fail inspection, therefore
 reducing storage volume and making pump station non-compliant, therefore pump station not
 adopted.

Current Design Plus Mitigating Measures

- As Current Design, BUT storage volume provided entirely in pump station below incoming pipe.
- RISK issues of non-compliance by Closed Loop not addressed, therefore could affect new pump station.
- RISK TWUL may refuse to adopt existing LSIP North sewers if they fail inspection, but this
 would not affect adoption of pump station.

Alternative Approach

- Halyard Street pump station retained until transfer to TWUL takes place by default on or before October 2016 under The Water Industry (Schemes for Adoption of Private Sewers) Regulations 2011.
- Flows from LSIP North only diverted to new pump station on Plot 4. Storage volume partly within LSIP North sewers.
- Closed Loop's compliance issues become entirely the responsibility of TWUL once Halyard Street pump station transfers.

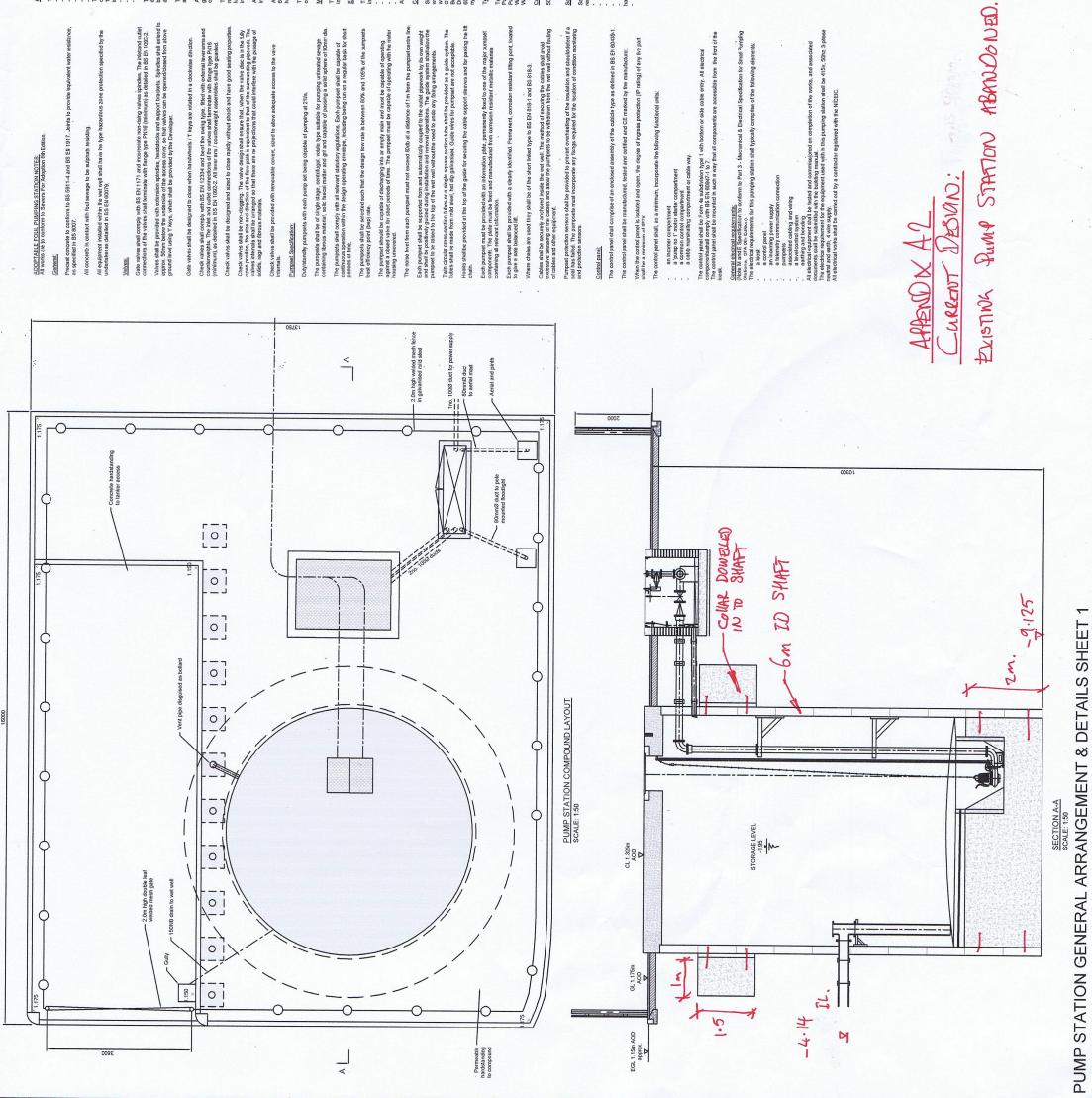
- RISK TWUL may refuse to adopt existing LSIP North sewers if they fail inspection, therefore
 reducing storage volume and making pump station non-compliant, therefore pump station not
 adopted.
- RISK Plot 6 must be connected, otherwise the system will not be adoptable.

Alternative Approach Plus Mitigating Measures

- As Alternative Approach, BUT storage volume provided entirely in pump station below incoming pipe.
- RISK TWUL may refuse to adopt existing LSIP North sewers if they fail inspection, but this
 would not affect adoption of pump station.
- RISK Plot 6 must be connected, otherwise the system will not be adoptable.

Appendix A: Design Sketches - Current Design





All adoptable sewer works to be carried out, tested & commissioned in accordance with the following, in order-

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GENERAL NOTES

recedence:

1) Thames Water's addends to Sewers for Adoption
Edition, where applicable
ii) Sewers for Adoption 6th Edition
iii) CESWI 7th Edition

All fange adaptors and pipe couplers to be self-and This drawing should be read in conjunction with Bing Associates engineering drawings.

The doors to the kook shall be of vandal proof stainless steel hinges and self alching stays to restrain the doors when they are tildly open. Our door shall self tilete with a schaless steel shoot bolts at the top and bodoom. The external coburt of the flosts shall be dark green (15s 4600 14c.39) and internally white. The doors shall also be provided with hasp and staple, cylinder type lock or trangular key lock. (wives shall be provided with extension spindles, headstocks and support brackets. Spindles shall extend to spindly success some undersite of the access ower, so that where sam be openediciosed from above spound level using it Yess, which shall be provided by the Developer. valves shall comply with BS EN 1171 and incorporate non-daing valves spindles. The inlet and cutlet rections of the valves shall terminate with flange type PV16 (minimum) as detailed in BS EN 1090.2.

valves shall be designed to close when handwheels / 't' kays are rotated in a clockwise direction

The kiosk shall be provided with weather proof and vermin proof ventilation grifles. One at low level and one at high level on opposite ends of the kiosk to create ventilation for the equipment inside.

A small door or shall be provided in the wall opposite the control panel to provide access for standby agenerator feellites. The flap shall be large enough to pess the standby generator cable through to the connection. The kloosk shall be provided with an external IPSG rated fluorescent furnisaties which shall be securely innounted rissde the kloosk at root fewel to illuminate the control panel and associated equipment. The furnisaties shall be provided with a splash-proof onfolf switch complying with BSEN 60569-1, mounted the kloosk adjoint to the door. Check valves shall be designed and sized to close rapidly without shock and have good seating prop

The reinstatement of the highway shall be carried out fully accordance with the HAUC 'Specification for the Reinstates of Openhoga in Highways'. Reinstatement shall be permant (on first visit).

The contractor shall submit to the street works coordinat utility companies the appropriate notices under the New and Street Works Act 1691 and the Traffic Management Upon completion of the works the contractor shall submisferet works coordinator the appropriate competion notificated works and appropriate competion notificated works coordinator the appropriate competion notificated works are supported to the supported works and the supported works are supported to the supported works are supported to the supported works are supported to the supported to the

A connection for a standby generator must be provided on the control panel complying with BS EN 600092. The connection shall be a 1/26A 5 pole (50 + n + 4) male pilot appliance to BS EN 60009-2. It shall have a BRSIGR counter clockwise phase sequence, when looking at the face of the linlet.

The kiosk shall be provided with a sultably rated, tubular, anti cond controlled by a tamper-proof thermostat, set at 5deg.

A splash-proof 16A 230V IP54 (minimum), rated socket complying with BSEN 60309-2 shall be provided inside the kiosk with 30mA RCD protection.

pumpsets shall be of single stage, centrifugal, votute type suitable for pumping untreated servage aining fibrous material, solic faecal matter and grit and capable of passing a solid sphere of 90mm dia

The klosk shall be provided with a lockable isolator and pri sprint xp meter installed on the supply side of the control panel.

s) panel shall incorporate an earth bar or stud arrangement to p nce with the relevant parts of BS EN 60439, tor the following: compartment door

pumpsets shall be selected such that the design flow rate is between 60% and 105% of the pum, efficiency point (bep) rate.

Where drainage is to be adopted, manhole covers are to be permanently and visibly badged with the undertaker's logo the lettering :FW and 'SW for foul and surface water respectively.

All pipes entering or leaving manholes shall be laid with soffits level, unless shown or agreed otherwise.

Single core vincing stalls comply with BS 6521 and have a minimum cross section are of 0.75mm2. Multicore vincing all to good years that the properties of t

Manhole covers to be set flush with binder course on nr construction and raised to final levels when surface cot laid at later date.

Where possible orientation of manhole access c orthogonal with adjacent kerb line.

Connections to the existing sewers shall be subject to the perpend of the sewage undertaken and shall be carried a contractor approved by them. The contractor shall com with the requirements of the undertaken with regards to submitting method statements, risk assessments etc for obtaining a permit to work on the existing sewer.

pumpeet should be capable of discharging into an empty main and must be capable of operating inst a closed valve for short periods of time. The pumpset must be capable of operating with the m

Twin circular cross-section tubes or a single square section tube shall be provided as a guide system. The tubes shall be made from mild sleet, hot dip galvanised. Guide wires for pumpset are not acceptable. Each pumpest shall be supported from and automatically coupled to the outlet pipework by its own weight and seal to be longer stated by the down weight and seal to be possible by the couple system shall allow the most for the top of the vest wall without the need to undo any finish amangements.

shall be provided at the top of the guide for securing the cable support sleeves and for parking the lift

bumpset must be provided with an information plate, permanently fixed to one of the major pun inches. The plate must be fixed and manufactured from corresion resistant metallic materials in thing all relevant information.

Telemetry:

Where chains are used they shall be of the short linked type to BS EN 818-1 and BS 818-3.

Pumpset protection sensors shall be provided to prevent ovenheating of the insulation and should detect if a that has falled. The pumpsets must incorporate any fixings required for the focation of condition monitoring and protection ensors.

The control panel shall be manufactured, tested and certified and CE marked by the manufacture

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Safety agrage shall be provided in compliance with BSY871, As a minimum safety signs shall be fitted to remosable covers over bushas and live corrections, and doors of compartments containing.

Incoming supply safety and isolation devices

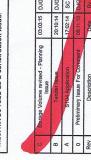
ordinol circuits

vollages greater than or equal to 220V

vollages greater than or equal to 220V

requipment located with the safe area but associated with certified apparatus located within a an area bushoot and all cable termination points.

Tender Drawing
This drawing is for tender purposes only and must not be read as a construction issue.



Bingham: Hall Associates

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Attleborough Norfolk NR17 2BW Oakleigh Connaught Rd

Greater London Authority

Scheme Drawings

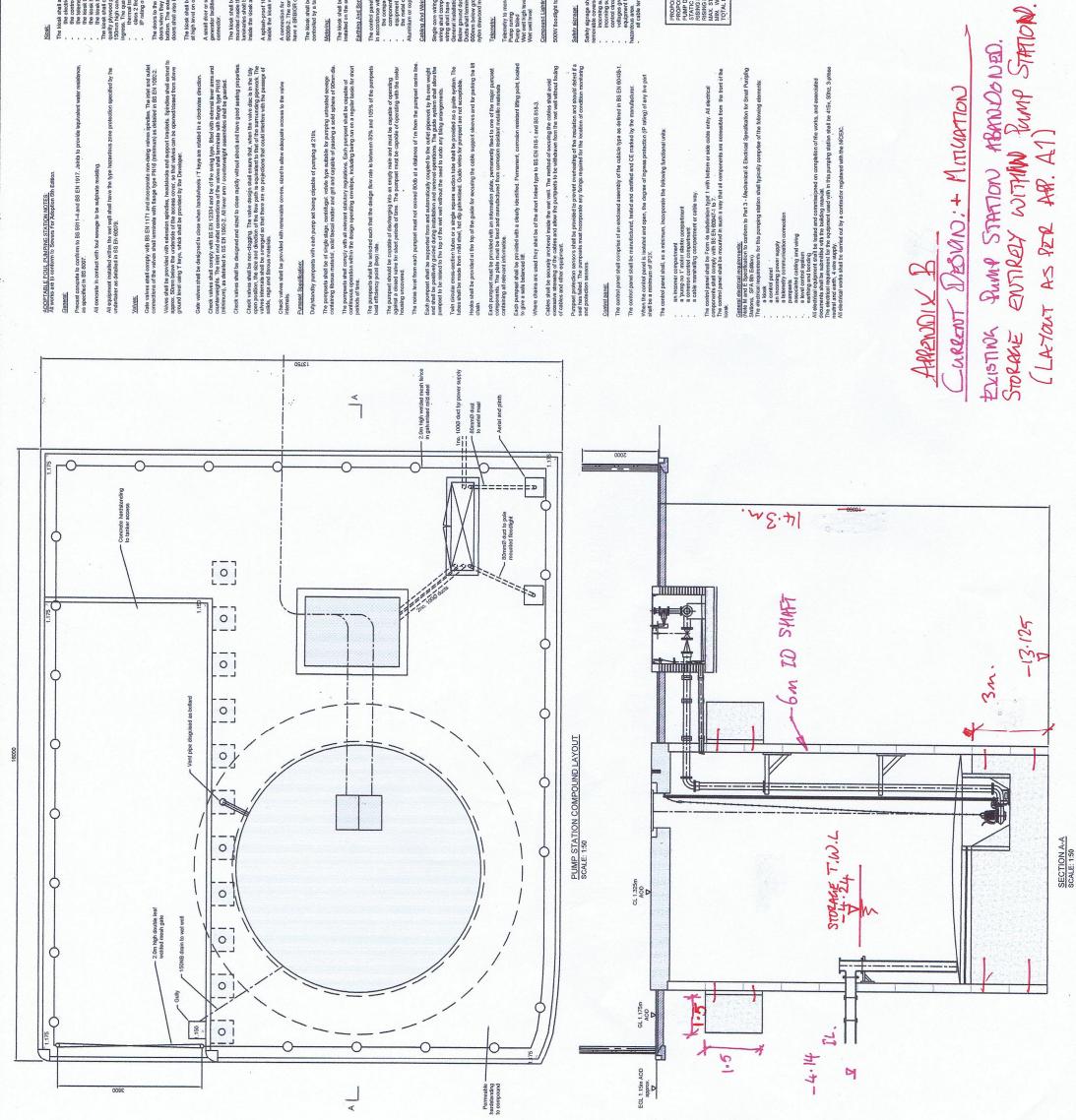
Drawing Title

Pump Station Gener Checked by AVB & Details Sheet 1

Date Nov 2013 Status Tender

Drawing No. 2702.100

Appendix B: Design Sketches - Current Design Plus Mitigation



ADOPTABLE FOUL PUMPING STATION NOTES: All works are to conform to Sewers For Adoption 6th Edition

Precest concrete to conform to BS 5911-4 and BS EN 1917. Joints as specified in BS 8007.

All equipment installed within the wet well shall have the type undertaker as detailed in BS EN 60079.

Velves shall be provided vith extension spiralies, headstocks and support brackets. Spiralise shall extend to the control of Gate valves shall comply with BS EN 1171 and incorporate non-vising valves ispindles. The inlet and outlet conrections of the valves shall terminate with flange type PM16 (minimum) as detaited in BS EN 1992.2.

Check valves shall compy with BS EN 12334 and be of the swing type, fitted with external lever arms and constructive the fitted with external lever at missing constructive specifies. The intel rand ded compeditors of the valves easile farmates with Rangey type PH16 and the constructive specifies to BS EN 1902-2. All lever arm / counterweight seasonibles shall be garded.

sized to close rapidly without shock and have good seating properties v valves shall be non-clogging. The valve design shall ensure that, when the valve disc is in the fully position, the size and direction of the flow path is expandent to that of the surrounding pipework. The sittemant shall be arranged so that there are no projections that could interier with the passage of mags and filtous arratemate.

emovable covers, sized to allow adequate access to the valve

The pumpeets shall comply with all relevant stautory regulations. Each pumpest shall be capable of confinitioning operation within the design operating envelope, including being run on a regular basis for short

The pumpests shall be selected such that the design flow rate is between 80% and 105% of the pumpests osst efficiency point (bep) rate. The pumpset should be capable of discharging into an empty main and must be capable of operating against closed valve for short periods of time. The pumpset must be capable of operating with the motor increases. The noise level from each pumpset must not exceed 80db at a distance of 1m from the pumpset centre line Each pumpest shall be supported from and automatically coupled to the outlet pipework by its own weight and stall be beginned by a good and a good and a late of the positive by good card dring malatilation and morrows to persidents. The guide system stall allow the pumpest to be raised to the top of the well whill without the need to undo any fifting armagements.

Twin circular cross-section tubes or a single square section tube shall be provided as a guide system. ' tubes shall be made from mild steel, hot dip galvanised. Guide wires for pumpset are not acceptable.

shall be provided at the top of the guide for securing the cable support sleeves and for parking the lift

Each pumpset must be provided with an information piate, permanently fixed to one of the major pumpset the plant in the plate must be fixed and manufactured from corrosion resistant metallic materials containing all relevant information.

Each pumpset shall be provided with a clearly identified. Permanent, corrol of give a safe balanced lift.

Cables shall be securely anchored inside the was well. The method of securing the cables shall avoid overcasers estreamed of the cables and allow the pumpents to be withdrawn from the wet well without fouling of cables and other equipment. Where chains are used they shall be of the short linked type to BS EN 318-1 and BS 818-3.

Pumpset protection sensors shall be provided to prevent overheating of the insulation and should detect if: seal has lailed. The pumpsets must incorporate any fixings required for the location of condition monitoring and protection sensors.

The control panel shall comprise of an enclosed assembly of the cubicle type as defined in BS EN 60439-1 When the control panel is isolated and open, the degree of ingress protection (IP rating) of any live part shall be a minimum of IP2X. panel shall be manufactured, tested and certified and CE marked by the manufacturer.

an incorner compartment
a 'pump no 1' motor starter compartment
a common control compartment
a cable marshalling compartment or cable way.

control panel shall be Form de subdivision type 1 with bottom or side cable entry. All electrical soorants shall comply with 8 ER PR 96947-1 to 7. control panel shall be on the death a way that all components are accessible from the front of the

conform to Part 3 - Mechanical & Electrical Specification for Small Puniphy

a beletinely communication of the property of the producty of

All levels in metres above ordnance datum (AOD) unles stated otherwise.

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GENERAL NOTES

The kook shell as a minimum enclose the following:

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The doors to the kook shall be of vandal proof stainless sleel hinges and self latching stays to restrain if a doors who they as fully open. One door stainle is feel school belies at the top and bottom. The external colour of the kooks shall be dark gean (155 4600 146. 39) and internally while. The doors shall also be provided with hasp and staple, cylinder type lock or trangular key lock.

The klosk shall be provided with weather proof and vermin proof ventitation grifles. One at low level and on at high level on opposite ends of the klosk to create ventifation for the equipment inside. The klock shall be provided with an external IPSG rated fluorescent luminaries which shall be securely innounted inside the keeds at roof level to illuminate the control panel and associated equipment. The furniandres shall be provided with a splash-proof onfoil switch complying with BSEN 60563-1, mounted inside the klock adjacent to the door. A small door or shall be provided in the wall opposite the control panel to provide access for standby shareful redilities. The flap shall be large enough to pass the standby generator cable through to the connector.

All vortex within the existing highway shall be carried out fully in accordance with the Per Roads and Roaller Worls such 18 and 18 and

All fange adaptors and pipe couplers to be self-ancho needence:

I) Thames Water's addenda to Sewer's for Adoptic Edition, where applicable
ii) Sewers for Adoption 6th Edition
iii) CESWI 7th Edition
iii)

This drawing should be read in conjunction with Bin Associates engineering drawings.

The reinstatement of the highway shall be carried out fally is accordance with the HALO Specification for the Reinstates of Openhogs in Highways. Reinstatement shall be permane (on first visit).

The contractor shall submit to the street works coordinat utility companies the appropriate notices under the New and Street Works Act 1591 and the Traffic Management Upon completion of the works the contractor shall submit street works coordinator the appropriate completion notice.

A connection for a standby generator must be provided on the control panel complying with BS EN 9000962. The commontoring stall be 15% 6.50 be 10% or + or I made jour papelmen to BEN 9000992. It shall have a BROSER counter checkwise phase sequence, when hobling at the face of the niet. A splash-proof 16A 230V IP54 (minimum) rated socket complying with BSEN 60306-2 shall be provided inside the kiosk with 30mA RCD protection.

The klock shall be provided with a suitably rated, tubular, anti condensation heater. The heater shall be controlled by a tampar-proof thermostat, set at 5deg.

Connections to the existing sewers shall be subject to the provide of the sewer and shall be carried out a contractor approved by them. The contractor shall comply the neutrements of the undertaker with regards to submitting method statements, rick assessments etc for obtaining at permit to work on the existing sewer.

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Manthole covers to be set flush with binder course or construction and raised to final levels when surface laid at later date.

All pipes entering or leaving manholes shall be sofflis level, unless shown or agreed otherwise

The klosk shall be provided with a lockable isolator nstalled on the supply side of the control panel.

The control panel shall incorporate an earth har or shud arrangement to in accordance with the reterent parts of ISE 10 GAS, for the following: In the compariment door component mounting plaies and earth terminals component mounting plaies and earth terminals equipment mounting and earth terminals to the component access of instruments the compariment cases of instruments Autmintum or copper-cate alternation or copper-cate alternations or copper-cate alternations or copper-cate alternations.

Cabling And Wing:

ple core wing shall comply with BS 5021 and have a minimum cross section are of 0.75mm2. Multicore by shall comply with BS 710 and have been considered in 1.0 mm2. Described experient of 9 shall sover better the considered by 1.0 mm2 considered by 1.0 mm2 considered by 1.0 mm3 considered to 1.0 mm3 consider

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Tender Drawing
This drawing is for tender purposes only and
must not be read as a construction issue.

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Client Greater London Authority

Drawing Title

Scheme Drawings

Checked by AVB Pump Station Gene & Details Sheet 1

Date Nov 2013