GREATER LONDON AUTHORITY

(By email)

Our Ref: MGLA210519-3128

19 June 2019

Dear

Thank you for your request for information which the GLA received on 21 May 2019. Your request has been dealt with under the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

You asked for;

- Please can you provide me with all correspondence between City Hall officials and Mums For Lungs between 1 January 21 May 2019 relating to taxis.
- Please can you provide me with all correspondence between City Hall officials and the London Cycling Campaign between 1 January 21 May 2019 relating to taxis.

Please find attached the information we have identified as within scope of your request. Please note that some names of members of the public and GLA employees are exempt from disclosure under s.40 (Personal information) of the Freedom of Information Act. This information constitutes as personal data which is defined by Article 4(1) of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) to mean any information relating to an identified or identifiable living individual. It is considered that disclosure of this information would contravene the first data protection principle under Article 5(1) of GDPR which states that Personal data must be processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject.

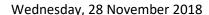
If you have any further questions relating to this matter, please contact me, quoting the reference at the top of this letter.

Yours sincerely

Information Governance Officer

If you are unhappy with the way the GLA has handled your request, you may complain using the GLA's FOI complaints and internal review procedure, available at:

https://www.london.gov.uk/about-us/governance-and-spending/sharing-our-information/freedom-information





Dear Cllrs Harrison, Ehmann, Holland, Livingstone, Burgess MBE, Peck, Blake, Brunt, Alambritis, Demirci, John, Roberts, Coghill, Loakes, Hearn, Eijiofor, Newman, Curran, Grewal, Bell, Sabiers, Reid, Cornelius, Cohen, Smith, Gabbert, Cowan, Harcourt, Govindia, Cook, Gould, Scott, King and Champion,

dear Mayors Egan, Glanville and Biggs,

and others to whom it may concern,

Joint action against idling

We are writing to you from 22 community groups and over 400 residents living in the councils of Lambeth, Southwark, Richmond, Croydon, Tower Hamlets, Hackney, Waltham Forest, Islington, Camden, Wandsworth, Hammersmith and Fulham, Bromley, Lewisham, Ealing, Hounslow, Haringey, Barnet and Merton.

We are all united by our huge concerns about the impact of air pollution, especially on children's health, but air pollution does not discriminate and impacts everyone's quality of life.

A study published on <u>14 November 2018 in The Lancet Public Health</u>, delivered by a research team from Queen Mary's University, emphasised that children's lungs are stunted as a result of inhaling diesel fumes in London. This must be addressed immediately in the most ambitious ways possible.

We understand that the pressures on local authorities in this public health crisis are high and the resources are clearly insufficient. However, we also feel that many councils could be more ambitious and introduce low cost measures that are likely to reduce air pollution, especially in places where high numbers of children and adults are exposed to toxic fumes by road transport.

We therefore ask you to collaboratively step up to address idling on London's streets. Often occurring out of habit rather than mal intention, it could be easily reduced with the right approach. Idling also typically takes place directly next to pavements, unnecessarily exposing pedestrians, cyclists, scooting children and children in prams and buggies to concentrated amounts of toxic NO2 and particulate matter. A disproportional amount of pollutants are inhaled during the school run, as the <u>recent report</u> by UNICEF emphasised. Taxi stands are often idling hotspots as well.

We are aware that current legislative frameworks are inadequate to enforce fines without prior warning to the idler and are thus cost-intensive from a council's perspective. Obviously, this requires changes to the national framework, however, in the meanwhile we ask you to implement the changes possible at local level. Addressing idling through the council gives a strong signal to drivers, would reduce pollutants

and complemented by the right communications is an opportunity to raise awareness of the wider impact of any driven journey.

Under the <u>Mayor's Air Quality Fund</u> (deadline **11 January 2019**), funds have been directly allocated to pan-London projects to enforce anti-idling measures. Westminster, Islington and the City of London and others are already following such combined approach.

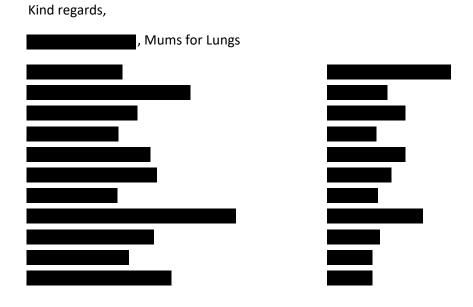
We therefore ask you to work together and apply jointly for funds to:

- Set up and run a joint, centralised website¹ and text message number where anyone can report idlers, who will then be sent a letter informing them of the impact and illegality of idling and the more general impact of driving on their and other people's health
- Change the current idling policies to ensure greater enforceability in a consistent way across large parts of London² with fines appropriate to the harm it is doing to residents health
- Deliver a dedicated communications campaign, for example, by sending each household a leaflet on the dangers of idling, driving and air pollution with the council tax bill in 2019.

These measures are relatively low cost, as resources and investments would all be centralised and shared. A centralised website/phone number and consistent laws would also result in enhanced clarity regarding the consequences of idling.

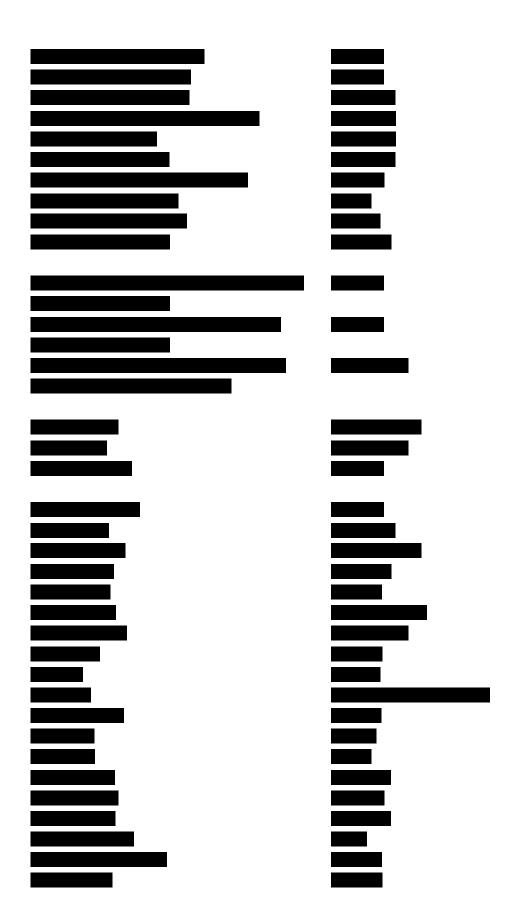
from the GLA has kindly offered to act as liaison for councils keen to cooperate, so please contact her on account account and all of the cooperate and account accoun

We are keen to support your application in any way possible and look forward to hearing from you by 13 December with regards to the application and ensuing steps.

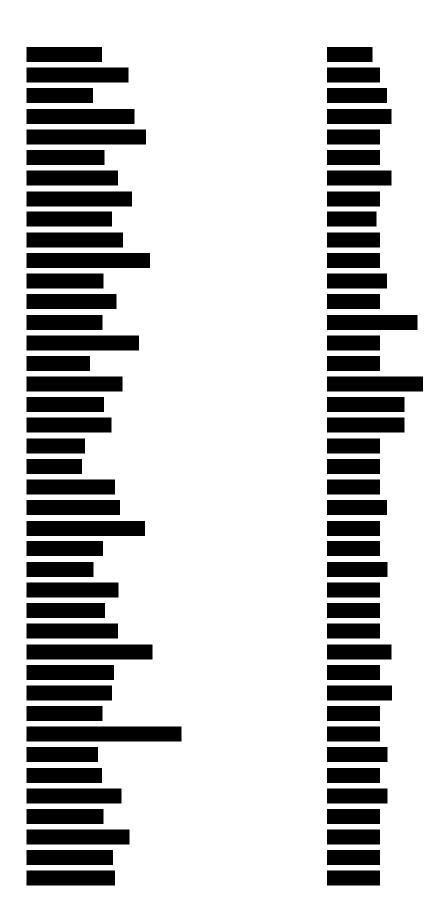


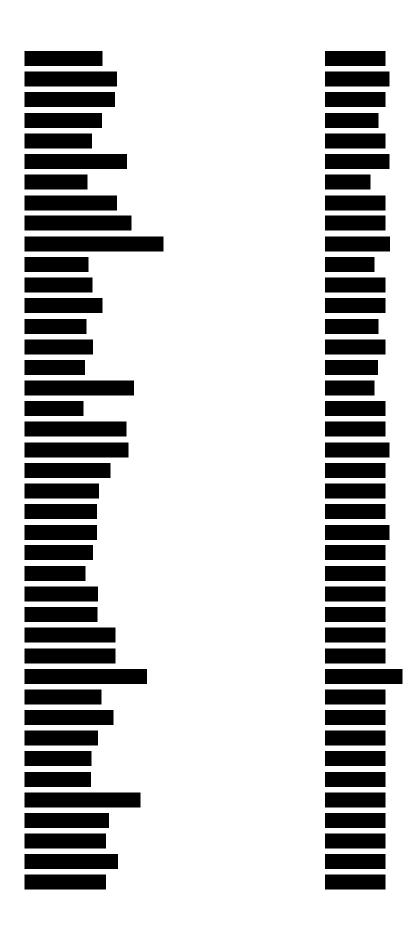
¹ Westminster council has set up such website, however, it is not very easy to find and access: https://www.westminster.gov.uk/dont-be-idle.

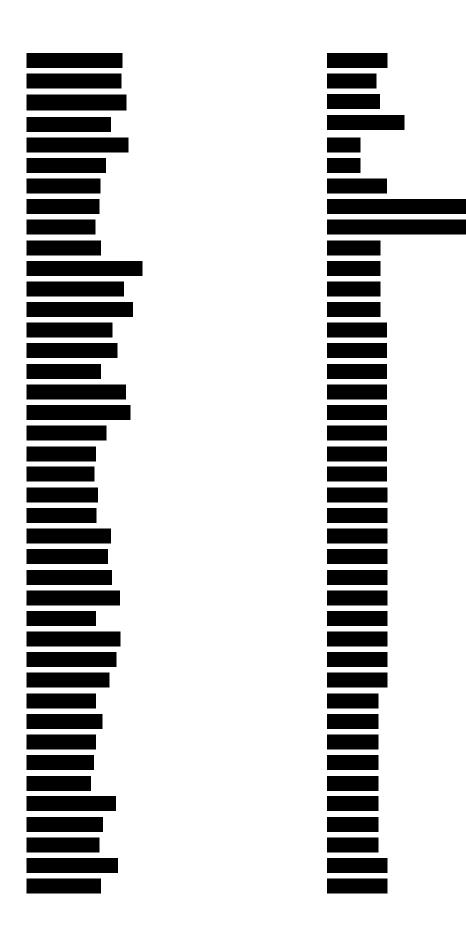
² Southwark and Westminster have adapted their idling regulations locally.

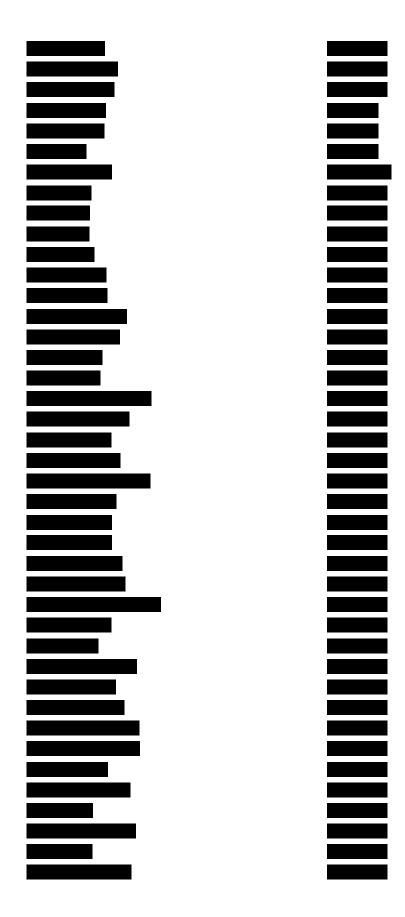


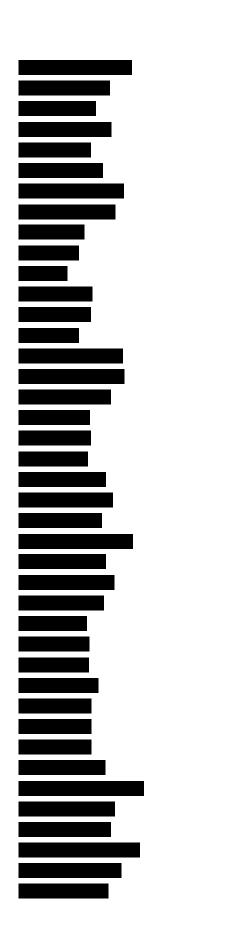




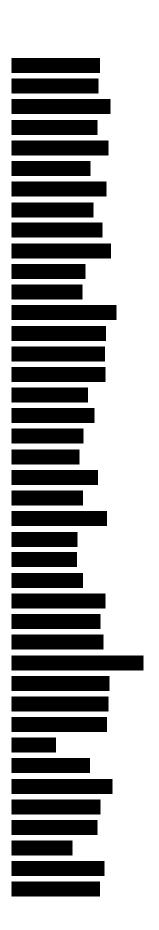




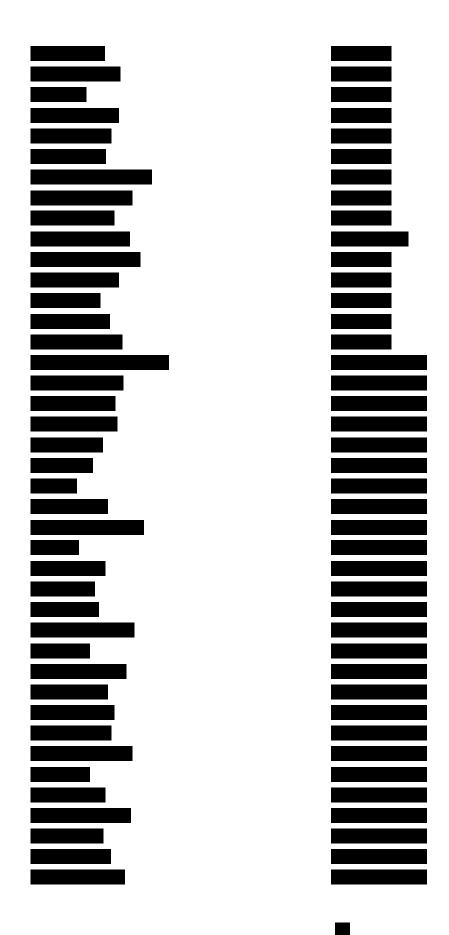


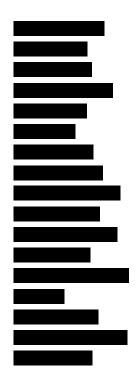


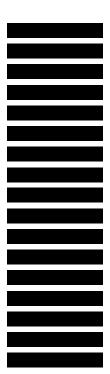












From: @gmail.com>

Sent: 25 April 2019 12:57

То:

Subject: Fwd: Taxi Age Limit-Misinformation

Attachments: image001.jpg; image001.jpg; LTDA Taxi Age Limit Response-Final Draft.docx

What is your thoughts on this? Thanks,
---------- Forwarded message -------Von: MumsforLungs < mumsforlungs@
> Date: Do., 25. Apr. 2019, 12:53
Subject: Fwd: Taxi Age Limit-Misinformation
To: <

----- Forwarded message -----

Von: <u>@ltda.co.uk</u>>

Date: Do., 25. Apr. 2019, 10:10

Subject: Taxi Age Limit-Misinformation

To: <u>mumsforlungs</u> < <u>mumsforlungs</u>

I got your email address from . I have seen you are actively tweeting for your followers to respond to TfLs consultation to reduce taxi age limits.

I suspect you may have had a call from City Hall asking you to support their proposals, what you will not have been told is that there is a better solution to clean up the cab fleet in London. I have attached our response, as you can see it will produce a 50% greater saving in NOx by 2022 than the age limit proposal. It will also (by retaining existing taxi residual values) help cabbies sell their old cabs outside London and buy a new electric cab.

You will also probably be unaware of the following

- We were made to by these dirty diesel cabs by TfL-we have no choice of vehicle it was these cabs or don't work
- The last of the diesels sold up to Dec 17 were £47,000-the cabs they now tell us are dirty!
- Cabbies want to buy the new electric cabs every cab made has been soldthe only delays are getting them built

 A new electric cab costs £65,000 so far we have bought 1500 of them at a cost of over £80 million (various discounts), no one is doing more than the cab trade

Cabbies sit in the traffic breathing the fumes, we don't like it any more than anyone else, we have a solution (attached) the Mayor has allocated £42 million to helping us, our conversion solution will cost less than £18 million, it's a no brainer but its become a political football and whoever called you is part of the team playing politics with Londoners health.

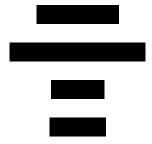
If I can help any further at any time with any of your activities or campaigns please let me know

Best Regards



General Secretary

Licensed Taxi Drivers Association



Tel:

Email: <u>@ltda.co.uk</u>

Web: www.ltda.co.uk

Twitter: @theltda

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TfL Taxi Age Limit Consultation: LTDA Alternative Proposal

1. Introduction

London's taxi trade is committed to reducing its contribution to NOx emissions and doing its bit to help clean up London's dirty air. We recognise the significant contribution of older, more polluting diesel taxis to emissions in London. Cabbies know all too well how important it is to tackle rising air pollution, with one of worst places to breathe in this dirty air being stuck in traffic, behind the wheel of cab.

The trade is proud to be leading the charge to a cleaner, greener London since LEVC's ZEC taxi hit the streets in early 2018. The new electric taxi is a game-changer for the trade. Over 1,400 TXe's are out on London's streets, and many more taxi drivers are keen to make the switch as soon as they can.

It was welcome that the Mayor and TfL reinstated £24 million to the taxi delicensing scheme earlier this year. These additional grants will be a great help to cabbies who want to invest in the exciting new technology and purchase a ZEC taxi.

However, the LTDA is concerned that TfL's proposals to reduce the maximum age limit for taxis will have a detrimental impact on the trade, as detailed in the LTDA's response to the proposals below.

The LTDA believes there is a workable alternative to TfL's current proposals which would deliver greater NOx emissions savings from black cabs and protect the future of London's historic taxi trade. We believe the alternative proposals set out below could be fully funded using funds available under the restructured taxi delicensing scheme, providing best value for public money.

2. Impact of TfL Proposals

The LTDA does not agree with TfL's proposals to reduce taxi NOx emissions through a phased reduction in the maximum taxi age limit for Euro III, IV and V vehicles to 12 years by 2022, and to mandate the maximum taxi operating age. We believe that it is not the most effective way to reduce the trade's contribution to NOx emissions in London, and that it will have a disproportionally negative impact on the trade and the livelihood of its drivers.

Since the proposals were announced last December, the trade has experienced a significant fall in the second-hand value of London taxis, at the expense of their owners. The preowned market has stagnated as potential buyers have hesitated from buying a cab that may lose its value if the proposals come into force. Under the current proposals, not only will taxi owner drivers see the equity in their existing vehicles fall dramatically, renter drivers will see their costs rise as the fleets shrink in size. The decline in value for older vehicles means that cabbies need to find even more money to buy a new ZEC or Euro VI taxi, increasing the barriers to upgrading cabs and keeping many people driving older vehicles.



Many cabbies have planned their future taxi investments based on the value of their existing taxi and its expected licensing expiration age of 15 years. In addition, many older members of the trade have planned their future working arrangements based on the licensing expiration date of their vehicle. Therefore, these proposals would throw many drivers' future financial security into question and threaten their livelihoods and plans for retirement.

The LTDA also does not agree with the proposals to remove the alternative fuel, historic and classic/niche, and hardship taxi age limit exemptions. Removing these exemptions would have a serious negative impact on the drivers of these cabs, who are often older members of the trade who do less mileage and do not serve central London, but still rely on the income received from the passenger journeys that they carry out. These drivers who work less contribute minimal amounts to the trade's emissions as a whole, and as a result removing these exemptions are unlikely to deliver a significant emissions reduction. However, it would have adverse impact on the livelihoods of these drivers; being a disproportional response to the issue at hand.

3. LTDA Alternative Proposal: Impact Assessment

The LTDA believes that by retrofitting all licensed Euro V diesel taxis in London to a certified Euro VI standard, more NOx emissions will be saved than if TfL reduces the taxi licence age limit from 15 to 12 years over a phased period between 2020 and 2022 (alongside mandating the maximum taxi operating age to the same as the relevant age limit from November 2019).

Under TfL's proposals, **8,030.04 g/km** of NOx will be saved between November 2019 and November 2022, as shown in **table 1** below.

Table 1

Assessment Date	Number Of Cabs Impacted	EU Rating	NOx g/km	NOx Saving g/km
01.11.2019	924	III	1.26	1164.24
01.11.2020	1042	III	1.26	1312.92
01.11.2021	2805	III	1.26	3534.3
01.11.2022	1979	IV	1.02	2018.58

The LTDA has carried out an impact assessment of the total NOx savings of retrofitting all Euro V diesel taxis licensed in London to a certified Euro VI standard, and retaining the existing taxi licence age limit at 15 years.

Table 2 below shows that **7,374.24 g/km** of NOx emissions would be saved by retrofitting 4,500 Euro V diesel taxis to a certified Euro VI standard (*nb.* including NOx savings from 924 Euro III taxis reaching the 15-year age limit in November this year). In addition, if the taxi



age limit was retained at 15 years, a further **4,847.22 g/km** of NOx emissions would also be saved as the oldest Euro III taxis reach the 15 year limit each year, shown in **table 3**.

Table 2

LTDA Euro V To Euro VI Conversion Impact Assessment				
	T			
Assessment	Number Of Cabs	EU Rating	NOx g/km	NOx Saving g/km
Date	Impacted			
01.11.2019	924	EU III	1.26	1164.24
01.11.2020	1500	EU V	1.38	2070.00
01.11.2021	1500	EU V	1.38	2070.00
01.11.2022	1500	EU V	1.38	2070.00
			-	
	Total NOx g/km Saved			7374.24

Table 3

Age Limit Staying At 15 Years (Older Cabs Natural Wastage) Impact Assessment				
Assessment Date	Number Of Cabs Impacted	EU Rating	NOx g/km	NOx Saving g/km
01.11.2020	1042	III	1.26	1312.92
01.11.2021	1393	III	1.26	1755.18
01.11.2022	1412	III	1.26	1779.12
		•	•	
	Total NOx g/km Saved			4847.22

Therefore, under the LTDA's proposals the total NOx saved by 2022 from converting 4,500 Euro V diesel taxis to a certified Euro VI standard (7,374.24 g/km) and from the natural expiration of the oldest cabs at 15 years (4,847.22 g/km), would be **12,2211.45 g/km**.

This demonstrates an additional **4,191.42 g/km** NOx saving by November 2022 compared with TfL's current proposals (8,030.04 g/km), as shown in **table 4**, a 52% increase.

Table 4

LTDA vs TfL Proposal Comparison				
	NOx g/km Saved: EU IV to V Conversion	NOx g/km Saved: 15-year Natural Wastage	Total	
LTDA Total	7374.24	4847.22	12221.46	
TfL Total			8030.04	
Additional NOx g/km saved over TFL proposal			4191.42	



While the oldest Euro III and Euro IV taxis will remain in the fleet for a short time under the LTDA's proposals, these vehicles are mostly driven by members of the trade who are using them less than newer drivers. In addition, almost all remaining Euro III taxis (bar 80) would be scrapped by 2022 even if the age limit remains at 15 years. Our full impact assessment shows that retrofitting 4,500 Euro V taxis – being the most heavily utilised vehicles in London – would deliver much more significant NOx savings, even if the older Euro III and IV taxis remain within the fleet until they reach the 15-year age limit.

4. Costs

The LTDA has sourced a SCRT retrofit system from HJS Emission Technology – Europe's largest manufacturer of retrofit systems for buses and light commercial vehicles. This system can covert both TX4 and the Mercedes-Benz Vito taxi from Euro V to meet a certified Euro VI standard.

Following the £24 million funding boost for the taxi delicensing scheme earlier this year, the total funds available stand at £42 million. Under the LTDA's proposal, the cost of converting each taxi under the LTDA's proposal is estimated at £4,000 and therefore converting 4,500 would cost a total of £18 million out of the total £42 million taxi delicensing budget.

The LTDA believes its proposals would be the best use of these funds as utilising the money in this way would help the taxi trade significantly reduce its contribution to NOx emissions much earlier than under TfL's age limit reduction proposal. The additional benefit of retaining residual values in existing vehicles would enable more owners to upgrade to ZEC vehicles in the short to medium term and result in a fully ZEC fleet much earlier than would otherwise be the case.

The LTDA would be more than happy to discuss these proposals in further detail with representatives from the Mayor's office and TfL. Please do not hesitate to get in contact with ttda@newingtoncomms.co.uk should a meeting be of interest.