London's Low Carbon Market Snapshot

Low Carbon Environmental Goods and Services (LCEGS)



Update for Financial Years 2021/22 & 2022/23

Executive Summary March 2024 kMatrix Data Services Ltd



Disclaimer

kMatrix

This information is provided to help the client identify opportunities in current and future Low Carbon Environmental Goods and Services (LCEGS) markets.

It does not constitute advice to the client as to what they should do, when, where or with whom.

The client should exercise discretion or seek further professional guidance before committing themselves to any future actions or investments arising from this information.

Greater London Authority

The views expressed within this Report are those of the authors and should not be treated as Greater London Authority (GLA) policy. The authors worked solely on GLA's instructions and for GLA purposes.

The Report may have not considered issues relevant to third parties. Any such third parties may choose to make use of the Report or extracts from it but do so entirely at their own risk and neither the authors nor ourselves shall have any responsibility whatsoever in relation to such use.



Executive Summary

London's Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services (LCEGS) sector was worth £50.0bn to London's economy in 2022/23, as indicated by the value of sales in the sector. These sales were generated by over 18,200 businesses that employed over 310,000 people in the sector in 2022/23.

Sales and growth

The Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services sector in London grew year on year between 2007/08 and 2019/20, and was worth £50.0bn in 2019/20, it then contracted to £42.9bn in 2020/21 during the Covid 19 pandemic and has since recovered to £50.0bn in 2022/23.

Historically, London's LCEGS sector has a higher growth rate than the UK:

Table 1: LCEGS sector growth in London and UK

Timeframe	London growth	UK growth	
2007/08 to 2019/20	138%	120%	
2019/20 to 2020/21	-14.1%	-9.0%	
2020/21 to 2021/22	6.7%	5.8%	
2021/22 to 2022/23	9.2%	8.6%	

Employment

Employment in London's Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services sector in 2019/20 was 302,021, and fell to 269,714 in 2020/21, before growing to exceed prepandemic employment to 311,420 in 2022/23.

The annual growth rate in employment was 11.5% between 2018/19 and 2019/20; -10.7% between 2019/20 and 2020/21; 6.7% from 2020/21 to 2021/22; and 8.2% from 2021/22 to 2022/23. This rate of growth was stronger than the UK average of 7.3% between 2018/19 and 2019/20; and -13.1% between 2019/20 and 2020/21. London growth was stronger than the UK of 5.2% from 2020/21 to 2021/22; and slower than the UK growth of 10.4% from 2021/22 to 2022/23.

Companies

The number of companies in London's Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services sector in 2019/20 was 17,054 and fell to 16,376 in 2020/21, it then grew to 18,266 in 2022/23.

The annual growth rate in the number of companies was 11.0% between 2018/19 and 2019/20, and -4.0% between 2019/20 and 2020/21. This rate of growth was stronger than the UK of 10.3% between 2018/19 and 2019/20 and -13.3% between 2019/20 and 2020/21. London's growth was 7.0% between 2022/21 and 2021/22, stronger than the UK of 5.2% between 2022/21 and 2021/22; London's growth was 4.3% between 2021/22 and 2022/23, weaker than the UK at 9.5% between 2021/22 and 2022/23.

London's sub-sectors

In 2022/23 London's Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services sector was made up of the following proportions: Low Carbon 60%, Renewable Energy 30% and Environmental 10%. This is similar to the composition in 2019/20 and 2020/21 when it was: Low Carbon 58%, Renewable Energy 31% and Environmental 11%.



London's sub-sector strengths

In 2022/23 the five largest sub-sectors in the Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services sector by sales account for 73% of the London total sales (71% in 2019/20 and 2020/21) and are made up of:

- Carbon Finance (£18.89bn in 2022/23; £17.79bn in 2019/20; and £15.44bn in 2020/21) this includes Carbon finance trading houses and consultancies
- Wind (£5.29bn in 2022/23; £5.27bn in 2019/20 and £4.48bn in 2020/21) this
 includes control systems development and manufacture, drive train development,
 manufacture and systems integration and consulting houses
- Geothermal (£4.82bn in 2022/23; £4.91bn in 2019/20 and £4.25bn in 2020/21) this includes head office functions, systems and design and international consultancy
- Building Technologies (£3.77bn in 2022/23; £3.92bn in 2019/20 and £3.27bn in 2020/21) – this includes head office functions, building systems design and consultancy and building systems providers and installers
- Alternative Fuels (£3.55bn in 2022/23; £3.70bn in 2019/20 and £3.13bn in 2020/21) –
 this includes R&D functions, alternative fuel providers and process implementation
 accounting.

The next six largest sub-sectors by sales account for a further 23% of London's total sales in (26% in 2019/20 and 24% in 2020/21) and are made up of:

- Photovoltaic (£2.88bn in 2022/23; £2.92bn in 2019/20 and £2.49bn in 2020/21) this includes head office functions and providers and installers
- Alternative Fuel Vehicle (£2.18bn in 2022/23; £2.22bn in 2019/20 and £1.93bn in 2020/21) – this includes head office functions, prototype applications and vehicle sales
- Biomass (£1.88bn in 2022/23; £1.97bn in 2019/20) this includes systems development and implementation and R&D
- Water Supply and Waste Water Treatment (£1.68bn in 2022/23; £1.85bn in 2019/20 and £1.61bn in 2020/21) – this includes systems implementation, maintenance and development
- Waste Management (£1.54bn in 2022/23; £1.68bn in 2019/20 and £1.43bn in 2020/21) – this includes process development and new process implementation and consulting
- Recovery and Recycling (£1.31bn in 2022/23; £1.39bn in 2019/20 and £1.21bn in 2020/21) – this includes waste collection, glass stock processing and paper feedstock processing

Sub-sector growth

London's five largest sub-sectors have all enjoyed high levels of growth in sales, number of employees and number of companies between 2020/21 and 2022/23:

- Carbon Finance sales grew 22%; number of employees grew 15%; and number of companies grew 23%.
- Wind sales grew 18%; number of employees grew 12%; and number of companies grew 18%.
- Geothermal sales grew 14%; number of employees grew 10%; and number of companies grew 14%.
- Building Technologies sales grew 15%; number of employees grew 11%; and number of companies grew 15%.
- Alternative Fuels sales grew 14%; number of employees grew 11%; and number of companies grew 14%.



London's Exports

The value of exports in London's Low Carbon and Environmental Goods and Services sector in 2019/20 was £3.4bn, they fell to £2.8bn in 2020/21 and have recovered to £3.5bn in 2022/23. This accounted for 22% of the UK's LCEGS exports in 2022/23, slightly higher than London's 21% share of the overall UK LCEGS market (London's share of the market was 22% in 2019/20).

London experienced greater contraction in LCEGS exports between 2019/20 and 2020/21 of -15.6%, compared to the UK average of -6.4%. London's export market grew 7.8% between 2020/21 and 2021/22 and 13.7% between 2021/22 and 2022/23. This growth was stronger than the UK which grew 5.8% between 2020/21 and 2021/22 and 8.0% between 2021/22 and 2022/23.

Methodology

The figures are calculated using the same definitions of market and methodology as in <u>previous reports</u> produced by kMatrix.

